रिहायशी मकानों के लिए धन की व्यवस्था सदस्यों द्वारा अपने संसाधनों से और हुडको से ऋण के माध्यम से की जानी थी ।

यह परियोजना 108.54 लाख रुपये की ऋण वचन बद्धता सहित फरवरी, 1989 में हुडको द्वारा अनुमोदित की गई थी । परियोजना का निर्माण कार्य लाभार्थियों और सोसायटी की प्रबन्ध समिति के बीच विवादों की वजह से कुछ समय के लिये रुक गया था । सोसायटी की प्रबन्ध समिति भंग कर दी गई है और गंजीयक, सहकारी समितियों द्वारा प्रशासक नियुक्त किया गया है । प्रशासक की देख-रेख में निर्माण कार्य पुनः शुरू हो गया है ।

341 मकनों में से 338 का निर्माण कार्य छत स्तर तक पूरा हो गया है और शेष 3 एककों का निर्माण कार्य चल रहा है । परियोजनों की प्रगति के अनुसार हुडको द्वारा अभी तक रिलीज की गई ऋण राशी 93.61 लाख रुपये है । शेष निर्माण और विकास कार्य पूरा करने के लिए सोसायटी ने 79.01 लाख रुपये के अतिरिक्त ऋण के लिए हुडको से निवेदन किया है ।

तथापि, हुडको ने बताया है कि 24-10-94 की स्थिति के अनुसार 11.45 लाख रूपये की हुडको ऋण राशी वापस करने में यह समिति असफल रही है ।

Shifting of Public Sector Units and Governments Offices Out of Delhi

1649. SHRI O.P. KOHLI :
SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA :
DR. BAPU KALDATE :

Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether in 1986 Government had approved the shifting of some Public Sector Units (PSUs) and Government Officers besides other institutions from Delhi to towns of the National Capital Region (NCR) and all the Offices required to be shifted were also identified to remove the congestion of the city;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) how many PSUs/Government Offices and Institutions have actually been shifted to the NCR satellite towns;

(d) what are the reasons for which the otner organisations have not shifted so far; and

(e) what programmes have been drawn up for the shifting of these organisations ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI P.K. THUNGON) (a) and (b) In June, 1988 Government had decided to shifting the offices of 25 Public Sector Undertakings out of Delhi. Subsequently, the office of one Piublic Sector Undertaking, namely Vayudoot was allowed to remain in Delhi. The names of Public Sector Undertakings/Government Offices which are proposed to be shifted out of Delhi are indicated as per annexed. Statement-I. (*See* below)

(c) The details of offices of PSU's (Government Offices which have actually shifted out of Delhi are indicated as per annexed. Statement-II. (*See* below)

(d) and (e) The actual shifting depends upon a number of determining factors like availability of land construction of buildings, etc.

As regards Government Offices the progress with regard to shifting is reviewed from time to time.

As rsgards Public Sector Undertakings the action for shifting is to be initiated by the relevant Administrative Ministries/Departments and the Undertakings and it is a continuous process.

Statement-I

Names of Public Sector Undertakings to be Shifted out of Delhi

1. National Seeds Corporation Ltd.
2. State Farms Corporation of India Ltd.
3. Central Warehousing Corporation.
4. Food Corporation of India.
5. Hospital Services Consultancey Corporation of India Ltd.
6. Helicopter Corporation of India
7. Airlines Allied Services Ltd.
8. National Airport Authority of India.
9. National Fertiliser Corporation Ltd.
10. Fertilizer Corporation of India
11. Hindustan Fertilizer Corporation Ltd.
12. National Hydro-Electric Power Corporation.
13. National Thermal Power Corporation Ltd.
14. Rural Electrification Corporation Ltd.
15. Minerals & Metals Trading Corporation of India Ltd.
16. State Trading Corporation Ltd.
17. National Small Industries Corporation Ltd.
18. Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd.
19. Cement Corporation of India.
20. National Textiles Corporation I td., (Delhi, Punjab & Rajasthan).

Names of Government Offices to be shifted out of Delhi

1. Coast Guard (Headquarter).
2. Research & Development Centre, Postal Department.
3. Directorate of Inspection, N.I. Circle.
4. National Crime Record Bureau Ministry of Home Affairs.
5. Department of Light Houses and Light Ships.
6. Central Institute of Research and Training in Employment Services, Ministry of Labour.
7. Commissioner of Payments. Department of Industrial Department.
8. Department of Publications
9. C.P.W.D. Training Institute.
10. National Academy of Customs, Excise and Narcotics.
11. All India Soil and Land Use Survey, Deptt. of Agril & Corpn.
12. National Capital Region Planning Board.

Statement-II

Names of Public Sector Undertakings/Government Offices which have actually shifted and the Place where shifted.

	Name of Public Sector Undertakings	Place where shifted
1.	Paradeep Phosphates Ltd.	Bhubaneswar, Orissa
2.	Pyrites, Phosphates & Chemicals Ltd.	Noida (U.P.)
3.	Indo-Burman Petro, Comp. Ltd., (Chemical Div.)	Noida (U.P.)
4.	National Project Constn. Corporation Ltd.,	Partly shifted to Faridabad, Haryana.
	Name of Government Office	
1.	Postal Staff College	Ghaziabad (U.P.)
2.	National Labour Institute	Noida (U.P.)
3.	National Vocational Training Institute for Women	Noida (U.P.)

Delay in the Construction of Badonala Dam

1650. SHRI BHAGABAN MAJHI : Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 693 given in the Rajya Sabha on 29th July, 1994 and state :

(a) the fund originally sanctioned for the construction of Badonala Dam project in Rayagoda district in Orissa;

(b) the steps taken to allocate additional amount of fund for that project so that it is completed at an early date; and

(c) the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND IN THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI P. K. THUNGON) : (a) The Badanalla Irrigation Project was originally estimated to cost Rs. 13-36 crores. Its latest estimated cost is Rs. 92.00 crores. The anticipated expenditure on the project upto 3/94 is Rs. 59.77 crores.

(b) and (c) Irrigation projects are funded out of the State Governments' Plan resources. The Central assistance is in the form of loans and grants not tied to any sector of development or project. While the sectorwise Plan outlays are approved by the Planning Commission, the funds to the specific projects are allocated by the State Governments themselves according to their inter-se priority. The Planning Commission has approved an outlay of Rs. 393 05 crores for Irrigation Sector in Orissa for the year 1994-95.

Ground Water Resources in the Drought Prone Area of Gujarat

1651. SHRI CHIMANBHAI HARIBHAI SHUKLA : Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Central Government have conducted any study/survey to assess the ground water resources, in drought prone areas of Gujarat;

(b) if so, the details and the outcome thereon; and

(c) the areas included in the study/survey ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND IN THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI P.K. THUNGON) : (a) to (c) Yes, Sir. The Central Ground Water Board has carried out systematic hydrogeological surveys and exploratory drillings in all the drought prone dictricts of Gujarat viz., Amreli, Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Jamnagar, Kuchchh, Panchmalal, Rajkot and Surendernagar. Based on these surveys and explorations, the annual replenishable ground water resources of drought prone districts of the State is assessed as 8,800.65 Million Cubic Meters.

Review of the Command Area Development Programme

1652. SHRI SANJAY DALMIA : Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state :